THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, June 15, 1864.

O. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS—One Dollar and Fifty cents per annum in ADVANCE; otherwise Two Dollars will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are settled.

☞ Letters and communications, by mail, shall have prompt attention.

BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 40—No. 24. Beaver, Wednesday, June 15, 1864. Established 1818

Quarterly Statement of Bank of Beaver County

New Brighton, May 4th, 1864.

RESOURCES.

Notes and bills discounted, active	$63,270 46
Same under protest	100 00
U. S. 6-20 6 per cent. coupon bonds	95,150 00
U. S. 7 3-10 per cent. treas. notes	4,850 00
U. S. 5 per cent. legal tender	200 00
Furniture and office fixtures	1,958 95
Due from other banks	26,917 57
Notes and checks of other banks and U. S. Treasury notes	25,361 87
Coin in vault	5,164 37
Protest account	0 41
	$242,774 63

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$115,400 00
Notes in circulation	929 00
Due depositors	117,691 77
Due Commonwealth	1,888 49
Contingent funds	2,303 85
Dividends unpaid	5,170 52
	$242,774 63

I certify that the above statement is true and correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOOPES, Cash'r.

Affirmed and subscribed before me, this 4th day of May, A. D. 1864.

T. M. McCORD, Notary Public.

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Beaver Station—GOING EAST.

Connecting Monday, May 16, 1864.—Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:

7:50 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh,	9:30 A. M.
2:20 "	"	3:50 P. M.
6:51 P. M.	"	8:05 P. M.

GOING WEST—

Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

6:10 A. M.	Arrives at Beaver,	7:40 A. M.
3:00 P. M.	"	5:20 P. M.
5:10 "	Rochester,	2:20 P. M.
10:0 A. M.	"	6:10 A. M.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, *Pres't.*

F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—GOING EAST.

	Leaves Rochester	Arr. at Pitts.
1st Bright'n Accom.	6:42 A. M.	7:20 A. M.
2d Bright'n "	6:45 A. M.	8:20 A. M.
3d Bright'n "	12:33 P. M.	2:50 P. M.
New Castle "	3:00 P. M.	4:50 P. M.
Mail,	5:15 P. M.	7:00 P. M.
1st Express,	1:00 A. M.	2:20 A. M.
2d Express,	2:10 P. M.	3:20 P. M.
Cincin'ti Exp.	6:45 P. M.	7:50 P. M.

GOING WEST—

	Leaves Pitts.	Arr. at Rochester.
Alliance Accom.	2:10 P. M.	3:30 P. M.
1st Bright'n Accom.	9:15 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
2d Bright'n "	12:00 M.	1:00 P. M.
3d " "	4:40 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
4th " "	5:50 P. M.	7:20 P. M.
Mail,	6:20 A. M.	8:05 A. M.
1st Express,	1:00 A. M.	2:10 A. M.
2d Express,	1:10 P. M.	2:20 P. M.

P. SHUN, Supt., E. D.

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER

HIGHEST PREMIUM

WASHER, WRINGER and STARCHER Combined. Silver and Bronze Medals, Diplomas, Certificates, Premiums, and Testimonials, have been received from various sources, both Public and Private.

Self-adjusting and Adjustable. The only Wringer with the Patent Cog-Wheel Regulator, for turning both rolls together and which positively prevents the rolls from breaking or twisting on the shaft. It is not only a perfect Wringer, but the Cog-wheels give it a power which renders it a most Excellent Washer pressing and separating, as it does, the dirt with the water from the clothes, leaving them dryer, whiter, and smoother than when "wrung" by hand. The water can be pressed from large and small articles, easier, quicker, and more thoroughly than by the ordinary, old-fashioned back-breaking, wrist-straining, and clothes destroying process.—The Cog-wheels prevent all "wear and tear" of clothes by the friction of the rolls or breaking of silvered by twisting.

Without Cog-wheels, and the whole strain of forcing the cloth through the Machine is put upon the lower roll, and the cloth is made to act in the place of Cog-wheels, to drive the upper roll, causing a much greater strain upon the lower roll than when Cog-wheels with patent Regulator are used, besides the extra strain upon the cloth. A Good Canvasser wanted in every town. Liberal inducements offered, and exclusive sale guaranteed.

E. C. BROWING, Agent.
247 Broadway, New York.
WM. G. WOLF, Agent,
May 11, '64. Borough township.

☞ G. R. TODD is Agent for Universal Clothes Wringer in the Townships of Moon, Hopewell, Independence, Raccoon, Greene, and Hopewell.

VALUABLE FARM AND COAL LAND FOR SALE.

A TRACT of first rate land, situate in Chippewa tp., Beaver county, about 3 miles west of New Brighton, on the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., containing ONE HUNDRED ACRES, is offered for sale on favorable terms. About seventy acres of this land are cleared and in a good state of cultivation; the balance well timbered, and not under fence. There are on the premises a stone dwelling house, a large stone spring house, (the upper story of which is now used as a dwelling,) and newly log barn. There is a vein of excellent coal underlying a large portion of the tract, with opening near the railroad.

☞ For further information inquire of JAMES FIFE, Esq., Brighton, Pa., N. P. FETTERMAN, Esq., Pittsburg, or M. WEYAND, Prothonotary's office, Beaver, Pa. je8,'64:4w

Pension, Bounty & Back Pay Agency.

ARTHURS & RIDDELL.
No. 135 FOURTH ST.,
PITTSBURG, PA.

SPECIAL attention given to the collection of the BOUNTY OF $100, due to WOUNDED SOLDIERS who have served LESS THAN TWO YEARS, which is now being paid.

☞ All communications addressed as above promptly answered by return of Post. je8,'64

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing Certain Amendments to the Constitution.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

"SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulation as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election."

SECTION 2. There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as section eight, and nine, as follows:

"SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature, containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills."

"SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers, or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers, or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth."

HENRY C. JOHNSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives,
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

Office Secretary of Commonwealth, HARRISBURG, April 25, 1864.

PENNSYLVANIA, ss:

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain Amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written. ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The above Resolution having been agreed to by a majority of the members of each House, at two successive sessions of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, the proposed amendments will be submitted to the people, for their adoption or rejection, on the first Tuesday of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article of the Constitution, and the act, entitled "An act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people, for their approval and ratification or rejection, the proposed amendments to the Constitution" approved the twenty-third of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

JONES' DYEING & SCOURING ESTABLISHMENT.

39 OHIO STREET,
(West of Federal.)
ALLEGHENY, PENNA.

THE Proprietors of this Establishment have been engaged for a number of years in the most extensive establishments in this country, in the cities of New York and Philadelphia, where all the improved appliances and apparatus are employed. Being also in possession of the very latest discoveries and methods of European Dyers, they dye and finish Ladies' Silk, Satin and Merino Dresses in a superior style. In many cases, these articles are made in color and finish, very nearly equal in appearance to new Goods.

☞ *All Goods returned in two weeks.*

Valuable Real Estate FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his residence on Third Street a House and Lot. The improvements are a Brick House 50 feet front by 36 feet deep containing 10 rooms and Store Room, Cistern, Wash House, Stable, Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, &c., &c.

Also, fifty acres first rate land, 4 miles below Beaver, unimproved, standing with excellent White Oak Timber, one mile from the Ohio river.

Also, a lot containing 12 acres, one mile from Beaver, enclosed with a board fence suitable for a Gardnerer or Nurseryman. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber. Titles indisputable.

May 24, '64. ROB'T. M'CREERY.

Pro. Mar. Office, 24th Dist, Pa., NEW BRIGHTON, June 2d, 1864.

CIRCULAR No. 56.

NO claims for credits will be received at the office of A. A. Pro. Mar. General's Office, Harrisburg, Pa., unless forwarded by the claimants through the District Provost Marshal, accompanied by the necessary evidence. All claimants, therefore, are hereby directed to compile the facts of each case and report at this office. The claims will be forwarded by mail to Head-quarters at Harrisburg, as no preference will be given to claims presented by the claimants in person.

By order of A. A. P. M. General.
JOHN CUTHBERTSON,
Capt. & Pro. Marshal, 24th Dist., Pa.

ORDINANCE.

BE it enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of the borough of Hookstown, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that from and after the 15th day of June, 1864, all teamsters hauling coal to citizens living in said borough of Hookstown, shall be required to have their coal-wagons measured and branded correctly, indicating the number of bushels such conveyance will hold, and the amount hauled to the said citizens in said borough. Any person failing or refusing to comply with said requirement shall pay a fine of $10.00 for each and every such offence; said fine and forfeiture to be levied and collected the same as any other dues or fines in said borough. Approved May 28, '64.

Attest: JNO. A. SNOWDEN, Burgess.
S. W. MILLER, Clk.

ICE CREAM SALOON In Bridgewater.

THE subscriber has fitted up, in an elegant and modern style, for an ICE CREAM SALOON, his house on the corner of Bridge and Mulberry Streets.

Cakes and Confectionaries,

of all kinds, constantly kept on hand. ORDERS FOR ICE PROMPTLY FILLED.

May 25, 1864—4 FREDERICK WALZ.

LOOK! LOOK!! LOOK!!!

Third Arrival of Spring Goods,

Information for every body free of charge.

Just Opened

at Fortune's New Store

IN ROCHESTER, PA.

2 cases best Make fast color calico at 18¢

1 case ¾ fine bleached muslin at 15

LAWNS,

CHALLIS,

VELOCES,

SHEPHERD'S PLAIDS,

DELAINES,

And a full line of Plain Black and Second Mourning Dress Goods, Cheaper than ever.

SHOES! SHOES!! SHOES!!!

Lasting Congress Gaiters,
" Balmoral "
Morocco " Boots

And a large assortment of children's shoes very cheap.

BONNETS, HATS, FLOWERS and RIBBONS in GREAT VARIETY.

Men and boys' Hats and Caps. Sun Umbrellas.

Silk, Cotton or French Gingham

And a large assortment of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS opening WEEKLY.

Give us a call before buying and examine our stock and prices.

All goods Warranted to give satisfaction.

Remember the Place

FORTUNE'S CHEAP STORE,

In The Diamond

OF

ROCHESTER, PA.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Beaver, Pa., May 31, 1864

Birks John	M'Cabe Mrs Saml
Christy John Y	M'Bride A D
Cunningham I	Neill Thos
Cumming J	Parkison Wm
Crawford Wm H 2	Patten D
Crawford Eliza	Ransen Thad
Graham Thomas	Smith Wm
Hoops Mary	Shane Emily
Higby Maggie E.	Smith Susan
Hyffman Jas	Thompson Wm 2
Inman Nelson	Walbert George
Johnston R H	Weiler C
Johns L E	Wortman Annie

☞ Persons calling for letters in the above list, will please say they are advertised.

M. J ANDERSON, P. M.

Office Hours, from 7 a. m. to 6½ p. m.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Rochester, Pa., June 1st, 1864:

Bolen Benj F	Mellon Jackson
Boyle Wm	Mayer Rebecca
Brown Margt J	Miller Mrs George
Burgy Christian, 2	Mitchell David
Deitz John	Powell Sarah J
Ferguson J G	Rhodes John
Hubbard Minnie	Stafford Jos D.
Hookor H E & co	Smith Miss Ellen
Hartman Andrew	Smith Miss Sophia
Hamilton Pearson	Stewart R N, 2
Johnson A J, 2	Scott John
Jungert George	Wintersgill John
Marquis George A	Whetsler Henry, 2
Marthens Miss C L	

T. M. TAYLOR, P.M.

☞ Office hours, during the summer, from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JOHN REED, late of Industry township, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim gainst said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SLENTZ, Ohio tp.,
je1'64—6w. Administrator.

From the Army

HEADQ'RS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, COLD HARBOR, Saturday, 8 A. M.

Through the long hours of yesterday from early daylight till dark, a fierce and terrible artillery contest raged along our lines. The air was thick and heavy with the screech and moan of shot and shell, and the very skies darkened with iron bolts of death, while at intervals the ceh and flow of musket volleys told of the close contact and deadly struggle of the contending armies. It can compare in horror to nothing less appalling than the fierce contest of the second day at Gettysburg, although, owing to the covered positions of both armies, yesterday the casualties bear no proportion to the sanguinary field.

Our line has now extended six miles, facing nearly west, and perhaps five miles from the bank of the Pamunky.

Very soon after sunrise, Wright advanced his Sixth Corps and carried an important rebel position, but at a heavy loss. Warren pushed his line forward, capturing three lines of rebel earthworks, several stands of colors, intrenching tools, etc., but, the foe rallying, was driven back from all save the first line of the first rise of the field, where a noble band of more than Spartan heroes stood at bay throughout all this day, holding their prize of guns and flags, the foe not daring to advance upon them. The general result of yesterday's stubborn contest was favorable to us. We resisted every assault made upon us and succeeded in important advances of our relative positions.

Our losses have needs been very heavy, particularly so in officers, as much of the fighting was within one hundred yards of each other.

From what I saw of the wounded and the hospital returns up to nine o'clock last evening, I am confident our casualties cannot be less than thirty five hundred. Yesterday, also, has been the first day since the Wilderness fight, that we have lost any considerable number by capture. We took about six hundred prisoners, and are supposed to have lost nearly as many. The heaviest fighting and consequent loss fell upon "Baldy" Smith's (Eighteenth) Corps. We took prisoners from Longstreet's, Ewell's, Hills, Breckinridge's, Polk's and Burgess's commands. One entire brigade of the Southern army has been summoned by Lee to die in the last ditch.

About 8 o'clock last night, the foe made a desperate charge upon Warren for the recapture of their guns and lost position, coming down in solid masses, and with the invariable demoniac yell of their charge, but our grape and canister were too fearful in their sweep, and his serried, broken columns went reeling back in confusion, leaving great numbers of his dead and wounded before us to testify to his temerity and madness.

Of one thing, the enemy must now be thoroughly satisfied and convinced. He cannot break our lines through nor drive our men from their established positions, though he pile every man of his corps upon any point of our line. He has attempted it over and over again, and repeated it times without number again yesterday; but our troops stood as invincible as iron monitors, and in no single instance have they given way.

WASHINGTON, June 10

Gen. Dix: Owing to a break in the telegraph no dispatches were received yesterday from the army of the Potomac. Dispatches received this morning, dated at nine last night, say: No fighting—on Wednesday, excepting picket. An arrangement is said to have been effected by which the killed and wounded were gathered in.—No movements were made yesterday. A deserter who came into our lines reports Hunter's victory near Staunton more complete than the Richmond papers reported. He says Hunter took 20 cannon, many prisoners and a large quantity of stores.—The defeated force was recently a part of Breckinridge's command.—Hunter's report has not yet been received. E. M. STANTON.

NEW YORK, June 10.—A *Herald* correspondent of the 7th, says: A division of the 5th corps occupy a position from the Railroad Bridge over the Chickahominy to Sumner's Bridge, crossing the river two miles above.—An enemy's battery was posted on the opposite side, with heavy guns, which opened fiercely upon our columns, when they moved. They were promptly answered and quieted.

The enemy is now within talking distance. Our ranks are being filled rapidly by reinforcements. The headquarters of the 9th Corps were yesterday shelled vigorously for half an hour, and but few men were killed or wounded. At about 4 p. m., the rebels made another desperate charge on the corps' works, and were disastrously repulsed.

NEW YORK, June 10.—A *Tribune's* correspondent detailes Sherman's movements up to June 1st. May 21st and 22d were devoted to rest at Cassville. On the 22d the order to move next morning on the direct road to Atlanta was issued. At the Etowah the enemy's pickets and sharpshooters were met with. The army crossed the river and pushed on toward Huntsville, skirmishing on the way, and reached Burnt Hickory and Huntsville on the 25th, leaving all Alatoona, and rebel forts and big guns, miles to the left, thus flanking them.

Towards evening heavy firing was heard in front of Gen. Hooker's position. Troops were hurried up but reached the field after dark, when the firing had ceased, and found that Hooker had suddenly fallen upon the enemy in a swamp and driven him back. Next morning another skirmish took place, and the rebels were again forced back rapidly, followed cautiously by our troops, when suddenly masked batteries opened with destructive effect on our men. They were cut down by the score. Our loss was between 200 and 300.

On the 27th our army was in position in front of the enemy, strongly posted, four miles from Dallas. Next day the enemy massed for an assault on our works, and for half an hour the fighting was terrible, and the slaughter of the enemy great. He was driven back in confusion. At the same time a powerful attack was made on McPherson on the right.—It was repelled, the enemy losing between 2,000 and 3,000. On the 31st a feeble attack was made by the rebels and repulsed and on Thursday noon we entered Dallas.

New York *Commercial's* Fortress Monroe correspondent of the 7th says: The indications in General Butler's camp are that a forward movement will soon take place. Just as our informant was leaving his camp an officer said: "You need not be surprised to hear very soon of the moving of a heavy force from this department to the rear of Richmond.—We have bridges enough to span all the rivers near Richmond in a dozen places." General Butler's works are reported as impregnable.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 11—Yesterday a force under Gen Gillmore made a demonstration on Petersburg, and succeeded in carrying the enemy's outer works with the loss of only a few. While this was being done, Butler sent a force which succeeded in destroying three or four miles of the Petersburg and Richmond Railroad without any loss.

How Grant First Entered into the Service of the Present War

is strikingly exemplified in the following anecdote of General Grant.—At the commencement of the rebellion an Illinois Representative called upon Governor Yates to recommend to him Mr. Grant as a fit person for some military position. The Governor had received applications from some men over 6 feet in height and of muscular frames, and, therefore, curiously eyed the small man attired in homespun, that stood before him as an applicant. He then asked his grounds for making the application. "I was educated at West Point," said Grant, "at the country's expense. I served in Mexico, and when I went out to Oregon, I thought I had returned to the country as equivalent for my education, so I resigned. The country is now in trouble, and I wish to serve her in her need." Governor Yates had no appointment for him, and he, therefore, left. Some short time after this occurrence, the Governor was very much distressed in regard to the raising of the quota of the State. He had plenty of offers for officers' positions, but he personally did not know the minutiæ of regimental organizations—how many privates composed a company or how many subordinate officers there should be in a regiment. In his distress he asked the Representative of that plain little man, to whom he had been introduced, if he knew anything of these matters.—The Representative replied by bringing Grant into the Governor's presence. "Do you understand the organization of troops?" inquired the Governor. The reply was in the affirmative. "Will you accept a desk in my office for that purpose?" "Anything to serve my country," was Grant's reply. And to work at once went. And but for this Grant might still be unknown to the world. By his energy Illinois became noted for the speed with which she filled her quota.

THE PRIVATE SOLDIER.—Governor Curtin, in his last speech at the opening of the Central Fair, Philadelphia, uttered these noble words:

"My friends, if there is a man before me worthy of sincere reverence and respect, it is the private soldier of the republic. [Loud cheers.] He is the true nobleman of this land. He falls with an unrecorded name. He follows the armies of the republic on small pay. His friends are not gratified by magnificent pageants at his funeral; he is buried at Gettysburg, where there are one thousand graves of the unknown, and when you minister to the comfort of that man, when you succor the wounded soldier, I pray you in God's name do not forget his wife and orphans when he falls.—[Continued cheering.] My friends, the work before this great nation is big enough for us all, and here, when rich and poor men and women have brought up their offerings to their country, let us bury for the time all differences in politics, in sect, caste and religion, and declare one and all for our bleeding country."

Morgan's Kentucky Invasion

At last accounts Gen. Burbridge, who has been following the John Morgan's raiders since they left Pound Gap, came up with them on the 7th, at Mound Sterling, and whipped them handsomely. A portion of Morgan's command entered Lexington at two o'clock yesterday, and burned the Kentucky Central Railroad depot, and robbed a number of stores, leaving at ten o'clock in the direction of Georgetown and Frankfort. Gen. Burbridge is following them, and will most likely utterly scatter, capture, or destroy them. Morgan has only a small force of two thousand Kentucky barefooters, many of them dismounted men, who steal their remounts by the way, and who have already suffered severely on the march. One of his men who were captured, states that Morgan came through Pound Gap a week ago last Sunday, passing a Union force of 500 men, which was marching on another road toward the Salt Works at Abingdon. Col Macafee, of Harrodsburg, is with Morgan. Lieut Col: Aiston, a Col. Smith, of Chicago, Ill., and other well known rebel leaders. Their lines of march was from Pound Gap to Paintsville, Ky., where a scouting party of 117 men, under the notorious Pete Everts, was sent in advance to pick up horses and send back to the main force. They passed on to Hazel Green, Owensville and Flemingsburg, and to Maysville. The farms of Union men were stripped of horses, while the property of rebel citizens was sacredly protected. At Flemingsburg the stables were protected by Evert's orders, and not a horse taken. Evert's took Maysville without resistance, the Unionists mostly crossing the river.

Morgan has no artillery, and started with seven days' rations. His design is not to fight, but to rob, steal, and destroy railroads as far as possible. His exit through Eastern Kentucky is an impossibility, and his men expect to pass down through Central Kentucky and Middle Tennessee. The Union expedition to the Abingdon Salt Works, this man of Morgan's admits, will be successful, as there is but a small rebel force left in that part of Virginia. Their supplies now come from Petersburg, and are scarcely adequate to supply the army, the whole being stripped of supplies. Morgan could not remain there, and will not return, but will keep west of Cumberland Gap. He had said nothing of paying another visit to Cincinnati, and did not speak very highly of his brief sojourn in Ohio.

A HOUSE ON THE LINE OF BATTLE.—The correspondent of the New York *Herald*, writing from the field of battle on Monday, of last week, says:

Between our lines stands a house, known as the Sheridan House in which are quite a large family of women, on of whom is in delicate health. Gen. Hancock has sent them word to come to a place of safety inside of our line, volunteering at the same time ambulances for their conveyance, but they have declined accepting his offers thus far, pleading that they were members of the church, and in good standing, and had implicit trust in him, Providence. Fifty seven shells were sent through the house yesterday, but none of the women were injured, they having taken refuge in the cellar.—This morning they have more confidence in the protecting care of Providence than ever, since they escaped so well yesterday.

GLOOM IN RICHMOND.—A rebel citizen from Richmond on Tuesday last, reports that the defeat of the rebel Gen. Jones, and capture of Staunton by Gen. Hunter, has caused great uneasiness among the citizens. Business in Richmond is at a stand still, most of the stores being closed. Many of the citizens not liable to military duty are fleeing from the place, and there are no soldiers there except those guarding the military prisons.—Every one seems disheartened, and a perfect gloom hangs over the place.

☞ Mr Lincoln was about the last man in Washington to hear of his nomination on Thursday. A dispatch was sent to him, but it failed to reach him, announcing that he was nominated by acclamation. Towards night he was looking over the war telegrams in Mr. Stanton's office, when a dispatch was brought to him stating that Mr Johnson was nominated as Vice President. Mr. Lincoln asked, "Is it customary to nominate a Vice President *first?*" A friend asked him in astonishment if he had not heard who was nominated for President, and Mr. Lincoln replied that *he had not!*—There probably were few men in Washington who had not heard of the action of the Convention at that time.

THE EXEMPTION CLAUSE.—The President has sent a message to Congress, inclosing a communication from the Provost Marshal, approved by the Secretary of War, recommending the repeal of the three hundred dollar exemption, which prevents the army from being kept up to its maximum strength.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of 75 cents per square (12 lines) for first insertion 25 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and dealers in Patent Medicines.

A space equal to twelve lines of this type constitutes a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 15 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

General Rice's Last Letter

The lamented Gen. James C. Rice, on the eve of the late battles in Virginia (in one of which he was killed) addressed to his aged mother the following beautiful and affecting letter:

We are about to commence the campaign the greatest in magnitude, strength and importance since the beginning of the war. God grant that victory may crown our arms, that this wicked rebellion may be crushed, our Union preserved, and peace and prosperity again be restored to our beloved country. My faith and hope and confidence rests in God alone, and I know that you feel the same. I trust that God may again graciously spare my life, as he has in the past, and yet one cannot fall too early, if loving Christ, he dies for his country. My entire hope is in the cross of my Saviour. In this hope I am always happy. We pray here in the army mother, just the same as at home. The same God who watches over you, also guards me. I always remember you in my prayers, and I know you never forget me in yours.—All that I am, under God, I owe to you, my dear mother. Do you recollect this passage in the Bible: "Thou shalt keep therefore the statutes, that it may be well with thee, and thy children after thee." How true this is in respect to your children, mother. I hope you will read the Bible and trust the promises to the last. There is no book like the Bible for comfort. It is a guide to the steps of the young—a staff to the aged.

Well my dear mother, good-bye.—We are going again to fight our duty, to bravely offer up our life for that of our country and through God, we shall do valiantly.

With much love and many prayers, that whatever may befide us, we may meet in Heaven at last, I am your very affectionate son, JAMES.

Gen. George H Thomas.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia *Enquirer* says:

Gen Thomas is among his men all the time when in battle, sitting on his steed like a grim old warrior as he is, whom neither success nor disaster can move.

He often exposes himself to danger of his troops, as far as possible, especially the process of placing or fiery in advantageous positions, he sits upon his horse calmly as the easy observer, and in every progress sees satisfactorily he caresses his whiskers, moving his right hand down on them from the chin. If anything critical presents itself up goes his whiskers—the strokes upward being more numerous. In a minute his stuff have entirely disappeared, in a minute they returns to his side, and down goes his whiskers again, and a physiognomical gaist is perceptible.

When he transmits orders he always prefaces them with "Give my compliments to General Davis and tell him," &c. "Present my compliments to General Howard, and tell him to advance his artillery," &c. General Thomas is one of the most even-tempered men in the army, without doubt. The officers are proud of him; the men would die for him—do die for him. Everything goes on like clock-work in his army. No irregularities, no procrastination. Every man is at his post at the proper time.

COPPERHEAD INFAMY.—The most thoroughly base and unspeakably infamous performance we have yet seen perpetrated in party politics, is the attempt of the copperheads in Congress to ruthlessly deprive five of six hundred poor but laborious young ladies, who have employment in the Treasury Department, by presenting the case of one unhappy girl among them as the standard of the morals of them all. The motive of this wholesale defamation is, that these young ladies are supposed to be of republican politics, and yet these copperhead beasts boast of belonging to the *chivalry*. The mind revolts at such groveling brutishness and cowardly degradation.—*Wilkes' Spirit.*

☞ The New York *Tribune* gives a table exhibiting the curious fact that out of the one hundred and twelve members of which the rebel House of Representatives consists, when full fifty-two, or nearly half, are credited to districts now controlled by the Union arms. They have members representing Arkansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Missouri, Tennessee, in all of which States they have no longer a foot hold.

☞ In his admirable speech at Indianapolis, Gov. Morton characterized copperheads as the guardians of slavery, left on duty in the free States while the rebellion is seeking to work out the destruction of the Government. This is at once true and most felicitous.

☞ It is not expected that the call for more troops will be made till Congress has decided whether it will repeal the commutation clause of the Enrollment act.

☞ Hans, who is judge of morals as of currency, says, that being left to another man's wife is not in any way a legal tender.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, June 15, 1864.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

National Union Nominations:

For President,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,

ANDREW JOHNSON

OF TENNESSEE.

NOTICE.

HAVING sold to D L. Imbrie, present Editor & Proprietor of the Beaver *Argus*, my accounts for Subscription, Advertising, &c., all those indebted will please call and settle with him. T. C. NICHOLSON.

Beaver County Fair.

THE FAIR OF THE BEAVER COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, will be held in the Fair Grounds, near Beaver, on

Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Sept. 21st, 22d and 23d, 1864.

Competition is invited from adjoining counties.

BEHIND TIME.—We are necessarily compelled to issue our paper a day or two later than our usual time, owing to the delay in procuring paper.

The Character of the War.

It was a true remark recently made by Garrison the abolitionist, in reply to Wendell Phillips, who said that "the gristle of the South had hardened into bone," "that it must be into the bone of a skeleton." The one exaggerated, the other depreciated, but the truth lies between them. We see years of war and military despotism have consolidated the fighting powers of the South, and the sufferings of the people have made endurance a habit. The armies have been educated by hard fighting, and the South simply as a fighting power has won some distinction. But while we admit this, we say it is equally true that the length and severity of the war, the great suffering it has created in the south, far greater than in the North, have wasted their resources, and weakened their means of defence. In 1863 we wrested from the rebellion the great advantage upon which our present campaign is now based. It would have been impossible to have concentrated our armies in the east, were it not for the recovery of the Mississippi and of all the great strategic points in the West and South-West. This year the character of the war will be reversed. The rebellion will not even threaten invasion of the North, and its leaders hail every defeat in battle as a victory.

Hard fighting is all that is necessary to prove that the rebellion is reduced to a mere skeleton, and nothing is dreaded so much by the enemy as one great battle which is tests of strength and superiority. The South has no military or natural reserves.—All her armies are in the field, and they now have no population to fall back on. We can and will raise other armies if necessary, but in the South there can be no more. Their conscription would be a mockery for the last man has been forced into the service.

The energy, with which General Grant pursues the enemy, his persistent refusal to hurl his troops upon rebel entrenchments which it would be waste of time to invest. His determination to force the fighting in open fields, all go to prove that the campaign is meant to be decisive.—We shall soon hear of Lee being in Richmond, if not there already, and once in there he cannot be immediately defeated, but there will be no hope of his army, or the rebellion. Richmond, however strong, must fall like Vicksburg. Nothing short of a miracle for the South or some tremendous blunder in the North can now save the rebellion. Judging from appearances, we have the hopes that Providence is about to restore our country to peace and prosperity, and that the true principles of human liberty will be established upon stronger and better foundation than ever. Sherman, with his brave legions, is advancing upon Atlanta, Georgia, and will soon be in that rebel stronghold, second in importance only to Richmond. Hunter is advancing up the Shenandoah Valley and has defeated the rebels. Thus we see them hemmed in on all sides. They fight gallantly and bravely, but it is the convulsive struggle of their dying agonies.

This state of affairs has produced in the sympathizers with treason, in the North, a most wonderful change. They hoped to see our republican institutions overthrown, but they now feel that the time is at hand when the cause of human liberty is about to prevail, the Union maintained and rebellion crushed. A gloomy sadness has settled upon their countenances, and they have become morose and bitter. The present character of the war forever crushes the traitors South, and their worse than traitors friends in the North.

The Baltimore Nominations.

The people of the United States were not surprised that the Baltimore Convention, on the 7th inst., nominated ABRAHAM LINCOLN for President, and ANDREW JOHNSON, of Tennessee, for Vice President. The re-nomination of President Lincoln has been for so many months considered as a certainty, that the people had almost ceased to discuss it, and no man even questioned or opposed it in the large and respectable convention of men fresh from the people. Thus the representatives of the people only acquiesced in the wisdom and necessity of the measure. There was no political influence of the Administration used to produce this result. Such influence can do much, but it cannot create the enthusiasm of a whole nation, or control the action of twenty millions of freemen. The fact is self-evident that the re-nomination of President Lincoln was produced by the spontaneous movement of the nation, from the settled conviction that he is alone the man, in the present crisis, to be at the head of the Republic. The whole matter has been clearly controled by the intelligent freemen of the nation, who knowing from the past what Abraham Lincoln is, and understanding what are the country's needs, have resolved to place him again in the Presidency, for the sake of human liberty and safety, and for the permanence of our great American Union.

It was certainly eminently proper that his colleague should be Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee. The people, we doubt not, would have been satisfied with either of the patriotic and distinguished gentlemen named for Vice President. Every one would have rejoiced if it had pleased the Convention to have retained Mr. Hamlin, who has shown himself an active and brave defender of the Union cause. There was a policy, however, which the Convention could not overlook, and which no one will more cheerfully recognize than Mr. Hamlin. It had a higher duty to perform than that of rewarding and honoring faithful and capable public servants. It was necessary that the history of the past four years should be respected. It was not merely the Republican party, nor a party of any name, but a union of all men who were friends of the Union. The policy which governed the Convention in its action was this: that the parties that had stood by the Administration, should be recognized, and no man could be found more worthy of recognition as a democrat, a patriot and statesman, than Andrew Johnson. Others had done as much for the cause of the Union, and may be more, but he had suffered and sacrificed more. He had been exiled from his home, reviled, hunted with savage fury and impoverished. His home had been seized and his children, like himself, driven forth to wander upon the face of the earth. No offers of place or power could seduce him, no threats or wrongs or injury could intimidate; and so a grateful people have determined to exalt him to a high and honorable position. As a matter of justice, as well as of policy, the National Convention have done no better thing than nominate Andrew Johnson for Vice President. No good man, no friend of his country, can hesitate to vote for Lincoln and Johnson. They have been well and severely tried, and have been found faithful, honest, capable and patriotic. Then let every true and sincere friend of our beloved country work with an energy and zeal which will gain us a victory that will be the greatest known in the history of our Republic.

"Come to Supper."

There will be a supper given on Thursday Evening, the 16th inst., at the "Beaver Hotel," the proceeds of which are to go the Treasury of the U. S. Christian Commission. Several ladies of energy and taste are at the head of this movement, and as it is for so praiseworthy an object, it cannot fail, under their auspices, to be a success Donations of edibles and money are solicited, and may be sent to Mr. Hall's, on Wednesday evening or Thursday morning. The admission and supper will be 50 cents; to the Ice Cream and Strawberry room extra. Who has not got both donations and 50 cents for the sick and wounded soldiers?

SALE OF THE SMITH'S FERRY PROPERTY.—This property, which was appraised at $25,000, was bought by Mr. Jesse Smith, at the late term of Court, for the neat sum of $57,000. This includes the Ferry, Real Estate, Oil Wells, etc. There are two flowing wells on this tract, realizing about $6,000 each per year.

FIRE.—The Beaver Station, on the C. & P. R. R., was entirely consumed by fire, on Tuesday, June 14th. The fire was produced by sparks from the locomotive on the express train. The freight we understand was removed in time to prevent much loss.

Lawrence County Union Convention.

We should before this have noticed the fact that the Convention of the friends of the Union, to nominate candidates to be supported at the next October election, was held at New Castle, on the 30th of May last, but, owing to our necessary absence part of the time, the matter, although of great importance, was overlooked. It is not too late to say to our friends and the loyal men of Beaver county, that the Convention with entire and perfect unanimity expressed their preference for the HON. THOMAS CUNNINGHAM, of Beaver, as a candidate for Congress. We are much gratified with the compliment. It gives strong evidence that the selection of Judge Cunningham by the people of that county, fully appreciate the eminent ability and unswerving devotion to his country of our talented and patriotic fellow-townsman. The choice could not have fallen upon a better, more able, or more loyal man, and should he be nominated by the other counties of the district, we feel confident that they will have reason to be proud of their representative. No man in the 24th Congressional District is his superior in any of the great qualifications necessary for that high and honorable position. If nominated he will be elected by an overwhelming majority.

Nearly every township in Lawrence county was represented by the best men they have. We hope Beaver county may nominate him with the same enthusiasm and unanimity that characterized the action of our most loyal neighbor.

Below we give the names of the candidates, placed in nomination by that county:

Congress, Thomas Cunningham, of Beaver; Judge, L. L. McGuffin, of Lawrence; Assembly, Samuel McKinley; Sheriff, Thomas McConnell; Register & Recorder, Sylvester S. Graston; Commissioner, Henry W. Emery; Auditor, David Warnock.

Court Proceedings

The following cases were disposed of last week:

Commonwealth vs. Anthony Sieman, Christian Wauk, Lewis Sneider and W. H. Wiseman. Indictment for riot and assault and battery with intent to kill. Verdict of guilty of an assault and battery.

Same vs. George Ray. Indictments for an assault and Battery. Verdict of guilty.

Same vs. George Ray. Indictments for violation of liquor law, selling to minors, on Sunday, and to men of intemperate habits. Verdict of guilty on all the indictments except selling to minors.

Same vs. James Craven. Indictment for selling liquor, contrary to law, on Sunday, to minors and to men of intemperate habits. Verdict of guilty as to all except selling on Sunday.

Same vs. Francis Blount. Six indictments for violation of liquor law. Verdict of guilty as to all except selling contrary to law and on Sunday.

Same vs. Casper Whitzel. Indictment for selling liquor contrary to law, on Sunday, and to minors. Guilty as to selling contrary to law, not guilty as to the other charges.

Same vs. John Bosswell. Indictment selling liquor to minors and on Sunday. Defendant entered a plea of guilty.

Same vs. John Davis. Indictment for selling liquor to men of intemperate habits, minors, and contrary to law. Defendent entered a plea of guilty.

Same vs. Thomas Parrott. Indictment for selling liquor to minors.—Defendent entered a plea of guilty.

Same vs. Anthony Siemon. Indictment for selling liquor to minors and contrary to law. Defendent entered a plea of guilty.

☞Supplies for the Christian Commission should be sent to Joseph C. Wilson of Beaver, or Dr. Murray of Bridgewater. Important movements are in progress among our armies, and great battles will soon be fought.—Now is the time to prepare for the comfort of the wounded, and have supplies in readiness. We hope our citizens will continue to send in supplies of clothing, delicacies, and of money. Don't let us allow our treasury to be empty, or in want of anything for the comfort of the wounded.

Union State Central Committee.

The members of the Union State Central Committee will assemble in the city of Harrisburg on the 6th day of July, ensuing. A punctual attendance of all the members is earnestly requested in order to effect a thorough organization.

SIMON CAMERON, *Ch'n.*
WIEN FORNEY, *Sec'y.*

☞If Mrs. Sarah Hummel will call at the Beaver Post Office she will obtain information in regard to her son in the army.

The Return of the Pa. Reserves

Companies F and K, of the 10th Regiment Penn'a. Reserve Corps, returned home last week, their term of service having expired. These companies were recruited in this county in April, 1861, and were mustered into the service in May of the same year. Co. F. recruited by Capt. M R. Adams, went out eighty strong, and including recruits received afterwards, they had enrolled over one hundred men. Of that number, less than one-fourth returned with the company.—Co. K, first commanded by Capt. Samuel Miller, shows a like mortality.—Not one of the original officers of either company were in command on their return, all having been either killed, disabled or discharged. These companies have, at all times, discharg their duty, and their whole duty. No truer, braver, or patriotic men ever entered the service, and none ever left it with more credit or a better record. Their last act was their noblest and was worthy of their past history.—Notwithstanding their time had expired before the late battles, they unanimously resolved to remain, and did remain and participate in them, exhibiting their accustomed fortitude and bravery! We welcome these gallant men to their homes again. We are proud of their action, proud of their history. While we welcome the living we cannot but feel sad for the many brave dead, and we mingle with the joy we feel for those who have returned, a tear to the recollection of the many who have fallen—

"Who sleep their last sleep,
Who have fought their last battle,
And whom no sound shall awake to glory again."

Cooper's Battery, of the 1st Pennsylvania Artillery, returned last week. They were principally from Lawrence county. Mr. Wm. Alcorn gave them a splendid supper at his residence near Beaver, on Thursday evening last. Quite a number of ladies and gentlemen were present, and it was a very pleasant affair—a fitting welcome to those brave men. Addresses were made by Judge M'Guffin and others. Cooper's Battery has a national reputation for efficiency and bravery.

☞THE Annual Exercises of the Beaver Seminary and Institute are to commence next Tuesday evening with a Cantata and Musical Soiree. Wednesday, Examination of the Classes. Wednesday evening, Address by J. W. F. White, Esq. of Pittsburg. Thursday forenoon, examination; at 2 p. m., Reunion at the Seminary; at 4 p. m., meeting of Trustees and visitors. Thursday evening, Commencement Exercises. All the exercises are free to adults or children accompanied by their parents, except the last evening, to which there is an admittance of 20 cents.

PROV. MAR. OFFICE, 24TH DIST. PENN.
New Brighton, June 6th, 1864.
Circular No. 59.

Drafted men are not allowed to on list as Volunteers, after being drafted, and the credits for drafted men will remain for the sub-districts from which they were drafted, no matter whether local bounty has or has not been paid to such men upon illegal enlistments. By order of

Lieut. Col. J. V. BOMFORD,
A. A. P. M. Gen. of Penna.
JNO CUTHBERTSON,
Capt. & Pro Mar. 24th Dist. Pa.

☞The rumored postponement of the Chicago Convention is another of the many proofs that the Democrats are bewildered, just as Lee is about Grant. Some of them are turning towards Fremont, but there is little probability that he will be taken up under any circumstances. M'Clellan has the largest number of supporters, but with him there is no prospects.—Says the New York *Times*.

So they are disposed to wait awhile and see if an available hero won't turn up from some unexpected quarter.—They have hopes of Grant, and are quite ready to take him, provided he will take Richmond. It is about the first reward they have ever offered to induce one to serve the country,—but Grant doesn't need it. He will take Richmond in due time, we have not the slightest doubt. So far as that goes, if we were in want of a candidate we should be quite willing to take him on trust. But the Democrats evidently mean to make a sure thing of it;—they will nominate no man on the strength of what he is expected to do We commend their prudence. We hope they will postpone their convention until Richmond is taken, the rebellion quelled, and the Union restored. Then perhaps they can unite their forces. The Peace Democrats, who think the war an infamous crime and demand that it be stopped, and the War Democrats who think it equally criminal and infamous, but demand that it be prosecuted with vigor, may possibly then unite upon some man who agrees with both. We trust they'll try.

☞Gen. Butler is said to be ascertaining, as rapidly as possible, how many of his negro troops were certainly murdered after having been captured in recent engagements with the enemy, and that man for man of the rebel prisoners in his hands will certainly be shot to death in retaliation. This shooting will be at the hands of negro troops.

National Union Convention.

The Conventions assembled on the morning of the 7th, at the Front Street Theatre, Baltimore. Nearly six hundred delegates were present.

The Convention was called to order by Hon. E. D. Morgan, Chairman of the National Committee, who proposed Rev. Dr. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, as temporary President Ex-Governor Dennison, of Ohio, was elected permanent President.

The Convention re-assembled at ten o'clock, on the morning of the 8th, and received the report of the Committee on Credentials.

There being two sets of delegates from Missouri, that known as the radical delegation was admitted.—The delegates from Tennessee, Louisiana and Arkansas were admitted with the right to vote. The delegates from South Carolina were not admitted.

The resolutions were then presented, and adopted by acclamation.—The reading of the resolutions elicited the wildest outbursts of enthusiasm.

The mention of the name of Abraham Lincoln was received with tremendous cheering, the whole house rising, with uplifted hats and handkerchiefs waving.

The resolutions endorsing the Monroe Doctrine was also received with great applause.

Mr. Delano, of Ohio—I move that this Convention now proceed to the nomination of a candidate for President and Vice President of the United States.

Mr. Cameron moved that Abraham Lincoln and Hannibal Hamlin be the choice of the Convention. Upon this motion a long and desultory debate ensued, and finally it was amended so as to go into the nomination for President first.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for President, which resulted as follows: Lincoln, 497; Grant, 22.

On motion Mr. Hume, of Missouri, the vote was declared unanimous.—The enthusiasm excited by this announcement is perfectly indescribable. The whole Convention were on their feet cheering and shouting, the band in the meantime playing "Hail Columbia."

After the nomination, the chairman read a despatch from the Secretary of War, giving the good news from General Hunter, which was received with great cheering.

The Convention then proceeded to vote for a candidate for Vice President.

The President announced the following names as being before the Convention, viz:—Andrew Johnston of Tennessee, Hannibal Hamlin of Maine, Gen. Rosseau of Kentucky, Daniel S. Dickinson of New York.

Convention proceeded to ballot. It was soon apparent that Johnson of Tennessee vote was announced, and various States whose votes had been divided commenced changing them, and went unanimously for Johnston, amid great enthusiasm.

Andrew Johnson was nominated as candidate for Vice President on the first ballot.

The Chair announced that the next business in order was the selection of a National Committee, and the States were called to name the same, which resulted in the selection of one from each State. Samuel A. Purviance, Esq., was chosen as member for Pennsylvania.

The Convention then adjourned *sine die*.

The Latest Flank Movement Foreshadowed.

A *Tribune* correspondent with Grant, writing on the 9th, says:

It is my rule to religiously refrain from speculation when I do not know, and statement when I do know, as to future movements of the army. But it may alleviate the anxiety which terrible losses in the event of an attempt to carry by assault the works now in our immediate front, for me to state that it is not proposed to assault them. We shall go around them. The list of possible flank movements is not yet exhausted.

Anchor your soul, to one fact—a fact of which the army is as firmly convinced as it is that the sun shines to-day, or that it will not shine to-night. The army cannot be beaten back from its purpose. Its *morale* is held high by continual reinforcements. It numbers to-day far larger than it did on the Rappahannock. The slightly wounded of the first battles are resuming their places by thousands The conviction is universal, shared in alike by Gens. Grant and Meade and the humblest soldier, that this is the last grand campaign—the last, because it will accomplish the practical destruction of the Confederacy. I close with the statement that I believe it to be Grant's purpose to compel as many open field engagements as possible, he hopes a decisive one, before he comes to the investment proper, and actual siege of the Doomed City.

Hancock Reported Across the Chickahominy.

PHILADELPHIA, June 13.

The *Bulletin* publishes the following: The Washington *Republican* says: An intelligent officer of cavalry arrived this morning. He left a point ten miles from the front on Sunday morning, and reports that firing was distinctly heard during Saturday night in the direction of Bottom Bridge, which crosses the Chickahominy about seven miles east from Richmond, and seven miles northeast of the mouth of Four Mile Creek, on the James river. When he left the report had just reached the place that General Hancock, after a desperate fight, succeeded in dislodging the enemy and carrying the bridge at that point, at the point of the bayonet, and held it, and the whole army had successfully crossed.

The Commutation Clause.

A dispatch from Washington of the 13th says: The Senate Military Committee are in favor of abolishing the commutation clause of the enrollment law, except Mr. Wilson, who will oppose it. But he will seek to amend it, and has announced his intention to propose a hundred dollar bounty for one year drafted men, and in the same proportion for less time when honorably discharged. He also proposes to include a provision for enlisting men from insurrectionary States, and for securing freedom to the wives and children of colored soldiers thus enlisted. The House to-day voted against the repeal of the commutation clause by a large majority.

☞Ex-Congressman Keitt, of South Carolina, lately a General in the rebel army, was, according to the Richmond *Examiner*, killed in the battle of Wednesday.

DIED:

On the 25th ult., JOHN BRADEN, Sr., of Chippewa township, aged about 84 years.

Beaver Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE "ARGUS."

Flour per bbl			$7 00
do " 100 lbs			3 75
Dried Apples per bushel			1 75
do Peaches " "			3 50
Wheat " "			1 40
Corn " "			1 20
Rye " "			1 00
Oats " "			75
Barley " "			
Clover Seed, " "			8 00
Timothy Seed, " "			3 00
Flax Seed, " "			3 00
Beans, " "			2 75
Potatoes, " "			80
Onions, " "			1 00
Corn Meal, " "			1 25
Eggs,		dozen	15
Butter,	"	lb	25
Hams,	"	"	18
Shoulders,	"	"	15
Sides,	"	"	16
Tallow,	"	"	10
Lard,	"	"	16
Candles,	"	"	16
Soap,	"	"	10
Molasses,		Gallon	1 00
Garbon Oil,	"	"	70

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Beaver Station—GOING EAST.

Commencing, Monday, May 16, 1864.—Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:

7:50 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh,	9:30	A. M.
2:20 P. M.	" "	3:50	P. M.
6:54 P. M.	" "	8:05	P. M.

GOING WEST—

Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

3:30 P. M.	" "	5:10	P. M.
7:10 P. M.	Rochester	2:20	P. M.
1:00 A. M.	" "	2:10	A. M.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, *Pres't.*
F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—GOING EAST.

	Leaves Rochester	Arr. at Pitts.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	5:42 A. M.	7:20 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	6:45 A. M.	8:20 A. M.
3d Brigh'n "	12:33 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
New Castle "	3:05 P. M.	4:50 P. M.
Mail,	5:15 P. M.	7:00 P. M.
1st Express,	1:00 A. M.	2:20 A. M.
2d Express,	2:10 P. M.	3:30 P. M.
Cincin'ti Exp.	6:45 P. M.	7:50 P. M.

GOING WEST—

	Leaves Pitts.	Arr. at Rochester.
Alliance Accom.	2:10 P. M.	3:30 P. M.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	9:35 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	12:00 A. M.	1:32 P. M.
3d " "	4:40 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
4th " "	5:50 P. M.	7:20 P. M.
Mail,	6:30 A. M.	8:05 A. M.
1st Express,	1:00 A. M.	2:10 A. M.
2d Express,	1:10 P. M.	2:20 P. M.

WM. P. SHINN, Supt., E. D.

Public Vendue.

ALL the household goods of the estate of Mrs. E. R. Boies, dec'd., will be sold at public vendue, at her late residence in Bridgewater, on

Wednesday, June 22d, 1864,

commencing at 9 o'clock, embracing Bedsteads, Mattresses, Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, Mirrors, Carpets, Cupboard ware, &c., &c.

☞Terms made known on day of sale.

A. F. BOIES,
G. W. BOIES.

New Marble Works!

D. Irons,

MARKET ST., BRIDGEWATER.

THE Subscriber announces to the public, that he is prepared to furnish to customers all kind of work in his line from a PLAIN SLAB to a CARVED TOMB STONE.

American and Italian Marble

Kept on hand, and all kinds of plain as well as Ornamental work done in a satisfactory manner. D. IRONS.

Market st., 1 door north T. Allison's store.

june15'64

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of WM. SPALDING, late of Hopewell tp., Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

GEO. M. SPALDING,
Adm'r. with the will annexed.
Hopewell tp.
je15'64

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of ANDREW LOWRY, late of New Brighton, Beaver county, Penn'a, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

B. D. MARKER, Adm'r.,
New Brighton.
je16,'64

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS, the Probate Court of Columbiana county, O., having granted to the undersigned letters testamentary on the estate of Horatio N. Barker, late of Perry tp. Columbiana county, Ohio, dec'd., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

G. S. BARKER, Ex'r.,
New Brighton.
je15'64

U. S. 10-40 BONDS

These Bonds are issued under the Act of Congress of March 8th, 1864, which provides that all Bonds issued under this Act shall be EXEMPT FROM TAXATION by or under any state or municipal authority. Subscriptions to these Bonds are received in United States notes or National Banks. They are TO BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period *not less than ten, nor more than forty years* from their date, and until their redemption FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST WILL BE PAID IN COIN, on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually and on all other Bonds semi-annually. The interest is payable on the 1st days of March and September in each year.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds, as they may prefer. Registered Bonds are recorded on the books of the U. S. Treasurer, and can be transferred only on the owner's order. Coupon Bonds are payable to bearer, and are more convenient for commercial uses.

Subscribers to this loan will have the option of having their Bonds draw interest from March 1st, by paying the accrued interest in coin—(or in United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent. to premium,) or received them drawing interest from the date of subscription and deposit. As these Bonds are

EXEMPT FROM MUNICIPAL OR STATE TAXATION, their value is increased form one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate of tax leivies in various parts of the country.

At the present rate of premium on gold they pay

OVER EIGHT PER CENT. INTEREST

in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of U. S. Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principal and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from $50 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment; and the holder will have the benefit of the interest

It may be useful to state in this connection that the total Funded Debt of the United States on which interest is payable in gold, on the 2d day of March, 1864, was $505,355,-000. The interest on this debt for the ensuing fiscal year will be $30,000,000, while the customs revenue in gold for the current fiscal year, ending June 30th 1864, has been so far at the rate of over 100,000,000 per Annum.

It will be seen that even the present gold revenues of the Government are largely in excess of the wants of the Treasury for the payment of gold interest, while the recent increase of the tariff will doubtless raise the annual receipts from customs on the same amount of importations, to $150,000,000 per annum.

Instructions to the National Banks acting as loan agents were not issued from the United State Treasury until March 20, but in the first three weeks of April the subscriptions averaged more than TEN MILLIONS A WEEK.

Subscriptions will be received by the

First National Bank of Pittsburgh,
Third National Bank of Pittsburgh,
AND BY ALL NATIONAL BANKS

which are depositaries of Public money, and all

RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS

throughout the country, acting as agent of the National Depositary Banks, will furnish further information on application and

Afford Every Facility to Subscribers.

may11'64—inside 3 m.

DR. GEO. CLEIS.

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of BEAVER AND SURROUNDING VILLAGES.

His Office is in Phillipsburg for the present where he can be consulted at any time. Wednesdays excepted, which days he can be seen at his office in Pittsburg, where he has practiced for more than twenty years.

Dr. Cleis calls the attention of the afflicted to the following diseases:—Scrofula, Diseased or Weak Eyes, Rheumatic Affections, Female Complaints, Chronic Diseases of long standing—all of which he treats with remarkable success. dec16-6t

Dr. D. M'Kinney.

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of

BEAVER AND VICINITY.

OFFICE IN

The Shannon Building, S. E. Corner of the Diamond, Beaver, Pa.

dec16]

Dr. P. B. Young,

WHO has been for some time acting as Surgeon in the Army, having returned and again located himself in

Freedom, Beaver County,

offers his professional services to the public.

☞Office in Phillips' building. [mh16-3

Dr. P. M. KERR

Offers his Professional Services to the People of

BEAVER AND VICINITY

and solicits a share of public patronage.

OFFICE IN

Kerr's Hotel, Beaver, Penn'a.

dec16,'63

T. J. CHANDLER.

SURGEON DENTIST,

IS at his post again, at BEAVER STATION, Rochester Pa., where he will attend to all its various branches of his profession. He applies all the improved methods to prevent pain in extracting teeth.

P. S. Work warranted. jan13'64

ICE CREAM SALOON.

THE subscriber has opened, in connection with his CONFECTIONARY, an

ICE CREAM SALOON

in the North-East corner of the Diamond, where persons can be accommodated. A share of the public patronage is solicited.

may26,'64. FRED'K. WALTERS.

RAIL-ROAD HOUSE,

ADAM JOHNSON, PROP'R
ROCHESTER, PA.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

ALL loyal men who are in favor of sustaining the National Administration and the suppression of rebellion, are requested to meet at their usual places of holding election, on Saturday, June 25th, at five P. M. in the Townships and seven P. M. in the Boroughs, and seven P. M. in the Boroughs, to elect delegates to the County Convention, to be held in the Court House, in Beaver, on Monday, June 27th, to nominate candidates for the following offices, to-wit: President Judge of the 17th Judicial District, Member of Congress, Assembly, Prothontary, Commissioner, Poor House Director, Auditor and Three Trustees of Academy. The following resolution was passed by the County Committee at their last meeting:

Resolved, That the County Convention meet at 1 P. M. instead of 11 A. M. as heretofore; and that the Chairman of the County Committee be instructed to call the Convention to order and preside until the Convention is permanently organized."

The several Townships and boroughs are entitled to Delegates as follows:

Beaver	4	Industry	3
Beaver boro	2	Independence	2
Big Beaver	4	Marion	2
Brighton	3	Moon	4
Chippewa	4	New Brighton	4
Darlington	4	New Sewickly	4
Economy	4	North Sewickly	3
Fallston	2	Ohio	4
Georgetown	2	Patterson	2
Greene	3	Phillipsburg	2
Hookstown boro	3	Pulaski	2
Hookstown dist	2	Rochester boro	4
Hopewell	4	Rochester tp	2
Independence	4	Raccoon	4
Island	4	South Beaver	4

☞ Candidates will bear in mind, that an announcement, to insure insertion, must be accompanied with the money. Congress, $5; Assembly and Prothonotary, $3; Commissioner, $2; Auditor, &c., $1.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce the names of the following persons as candidates for the different offices named below, subject to the decision of the Convention.

Congress.

THOS CUNNINGHAM, Beaver.

President Judge.

L. L. McGUFFIN, Lawrence co

Assembly.

M. S. QUAY, Beaver.
SAMUEL CALHOUN, South Beaver.
T. J. CHANDLER, Rochester

Prothonotary.

MICHAEL WEYAND, Beaver.

County Commissioner.

JOHN R. MOHLER, Moon.
JAMES M'CALLISTER, Hopewell.
JOHN C. CHRISTY, Raccoon.
JOSEPH A. FLEMING, Hopewell.
JOSEPH IRONS, Hopewell.
JACOB J. NOSS, Moon tp.

Poor House Director.

CHRISTIAN BLACK New Sewickly
SAML. M'MANAMY, Economy tp.

Auditor.

A. SHANNON, Hopewell tp
JAMES WHITHAM, Hanover.

Trustees of Academy.

D. L. DEMPSEY, Beaver,
A. R. MOORE, Beaver.
D. P. LOWRY, Beaver.
JONATHAN M'KENZIE, Boro' tp,
J. C. WILSON, Beaver.
S. M'CORMICK, Brighton tp.

Andrew Johnson

Andrew Johnson took strong ground early in the great struggle, and has constantly held to it ever since, in favor of the Government against secession and treason. In his speech against secession in the extra session of Congress, he said:

"Traitors have got to be so numerous and strong that I suppose treason has got to be respectable; but, God being willing, as often traitors be many or few, they hitherto waged war against the Government and treason, and in behalf of the instrument which was construct[ed] by our fathers, I intend to continue to the end."

In the Senate of the United States, Mr. Johnson asked by Joe Lane, of Oregon, what he would do with the rebels. Mr. Johnson replied in the following strictly orthodox language:

"The distinguished Senator from Oregon asks me what I would do with the rebels were I President of the U. S. I will tell the Senator I would have them *arrested*. I would try them, and if found guilty, as I firmly believe they would be, I would have them hung."

Speaking of Governor Johnson's sentiments, the following is pertinent:

In reply to an officious suggestion made to Mr Lincoln, to apprise Andy Johnson of the policy of writing a formal letter of acceptance, he said that was wholly unnecessary. His views was sure to be radical enough to satisfy the most radical. To another the President is said to have remarked: "Don't be concerned: sir. When Andy Johnson was last here he told me, as necessary to carry on the war for thirty years, he was for carrying it on."

☞ A correspondent with Gen. Butler says that the expedition against Petersburg consisted of 1,- picked men under Gen. Koutz, between three thousand and four thousand infantry under Gillmore, the whole under command of Gen Gillmore. The object of the movement is reported to have been as follows: Gen. Koutz was to dash into the city from the opposite side, burn the Appomattox bridge, destroy stores, supplies, &c., and do all he could to annoy and harass the enemy. While he was thus employed, Gen Gillmore, in order to divert the attention of the enemy, was to advance on Petersburg, and engage the enemy. Koutz attacked the enemy in the entrenchments and outskirts, and drove them before him. Gen. Gillmore finding the rebel works quite formidable and more strongly garrisoned than he anticipated, did not attack, and retreated half a mile where he formed a line of battle. The infantry, not making the diversion in their favor, the cavalry was reluctantly withdrawn by Gen. Koutz.

☞ Dr. Thos. Donehoo, late of Wellsville, Ohio, having located in Beaver, will receive calls at his office in the Southern extremity of the National Hotel, in this place.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 13.

Mr Chase urges amendments to the tax bill which will add largely to the revenue. He is known to favor a tax of two dollars a gallon on whisky and ten per cent on incomes.

It appears that it was Gen. Wadsworth's intention at the close of the war to pay over a sum of money equal in amount to that he received from the Government to some permanent institution founded for the relief of disabled soldiers. "This," he said, "is the least invidious way in which I can refuse pay for fighting for my country in her hour of danger."

The 130th Ohio, (100 day troops) having in its ranks lawyers, clergymen, and others of the best men in the State, on Saturday voted unanimously to go to the front and fight.—They then marched to the White and had an interview with the President, who addressed them, thanking them for their prompt resolution and saying, "wherever you go I know you will do your best."

There are indications that all the railroads by which Richmond is supplied will soon be rendered useless.

Sheridan on an Important Raid.

NEW YORK, June 14.—A special to the *World*, dated Washington May 13th, says: Several boats have arrived from White House to-day, leaving there last night. They bring no news proper for publication. But little skirmishing has occurred for a few days. There was much anxiety to hear from Sheridan's raid. It was to be a long and an important one.

The city has been filled with a rumor that Fort Darling has been largely invested and must soon surrender, thus allowing the gunboats to pass up the James river further towards, if not into Richmond. The army mail came up to-day, and also the 2d Wisconsin regiment, whose term of service has expired.

The Kentucky Raid Over.

CINCINNATI, June 14.—Reports received at Covington last night, say that Morgan's forces had been scattered in all directions. A party of five hundred that took the Augusta road were overtaken and whipped yesterday, near Claysville, by Colonel Gerrard. Stragglers are being picked up through the country. The hospital train from Cynthiana arrived last night, bringing one hundred wounded; among them were twenty rebels. The wounded remaining at Cynthiana are being well cared for. The two Ohio regiments captured at Cynthiana were paroled at Claysville, and arrived here last night.

Gen. Grant's Change of Base.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The *World* says: It is now disclosed that the army under Grant has effected a change of base to the James river. All the movements of that army since the battle on Friday, the 3d, have aimed at this consummation, which was shadowed forth, though not declared in the following dispatches.

The raid of Sheridan, the destruction of railroads, and the investment of Fort Darling, with a view of opening of the James river for our gunboats, seem to indicate that every available force is to be employed in the next offensive movement.

Gen. Burbridge and Gov. Bramlette, of Ky.

A Washington special to the Pittsburg *Commercial* says that it is a matter of record that the gallant General Burbridge, who routed Morgan at Cynthiana, silenced, a few months ago, the threats of Gov. Bramlette, to the effect that he would resist further recruiting of negro soldiers, by saying that at the slightest attempt to translate these words into acts, he would march with his whole command against all who should join in such attempts.

☞ A law recently passed provides that if any persons, except as now authorized, by law, shall hereafter make or cause to be made,—shall utter or pass, or attempt to utter a pass, any coins of gold or silver, or other metals, or alloys of metals, intended for the use and purpose of current money, whether in resemblance of coins of the United States or of foreign countries, or of original design, every person so offending, shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine not exceeding three thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, or both, at the discretion of the court, according to the aggravation of the offence.

☞ The rebel General Jones, killed in the late fight during Gen. Hunter's advance up the Shenandoah Valley to Staunton, was Brig. Gen William E. Jones. He entered the West Point Academy in 1844, from Virginia, of which State he was a native, and garduated four years later, ranking tenth in a class of thirty-eight. He entered the army July 1st, 1848, as brevet Second Lieuenant in the mounted rifles. He was made First Lieutenant in October, 1851. He resigned from the army January 26, 1857.

DR TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT.—More testimony! this is to certify that for the last five years I have used in my family Dr. Tobias' celebrated Venetian Liniment, and in every instance have found it fully equal to his recommendations. I have found it to give almost instantaneous relief in cases of toothache, croup, bilious colic, sore throat, pain in the chest and back, and rheumatism, and I cheerfully recommend its trial to every one afflicted with any of the above-named diseases.

JAMES H. WARNER.

HARTFORD, CONN., Oct. 16th, 1861.

Sold by all druggists. Office, Cortlandt St., New-York.

WASHER, WRINGER and STARCHER Combined! Silver and Bronze Medals, Diplomas, Certificates, Premiums, and Testimonials, have been received from various sources, both Public and Private.

Self-Adjusting and Adjustable! The only Wringer with the Patent Cog-Wheel Regulator, for turning both rolls together and which positively prevents the rolls from breaking or twisting on the shaft. It is not only a perfect Wringer, but the Cog-wheels give it a power which renders it a most Excellent Washer pressing and separating, as it does, the dirt with the water from the clothes, leaving them dryer, whiter, and smoother than when "wrung" by hand. The water can be pressed from large and small articles, easier, quicker, and more thoroughly than by the ordinary, old-fashioned back-breaking, wrist-straining, and clothes destroying process.—The Cog-wheels prevent all "wear and tear" of clothes by the friction of the rolls or breaking of stitches by twisting.

Without Cog-wheels, the whole strain of forcing the cloth through the Machine is put upon the lower roll, and the cloth is made to act in the place of Cog-wheels, to drive the upper roll, causing a much greater strain upon the lower roll than when Cog-wheels, with our Patent Regulator, are used, besides the extra strain upon the cloth. A Good Canvasser wanted in every town. Liberal inducements offered, and exclusive sale guaranteed.

R. C. BROWING, Agent.
347 Broadway, New York.
WM. G. WOLF, Agent,
Borough township.

May 11, '64.

☞ G. R. TODD is Agent for Universal Clothes Wringer in the Townships of Moon, Hopewell, Independence, Raccoon, Greene, and Hopewell.

PHOENIX
LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

NOS. 221 EAST TWENTY-THIRD STREET, 173 & 175 GRAND STREET AND 215 CENTRE STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1828. N. Y. ESTABLISHED 1828.

THIS Establishment has been in successful operation for 24 years and is the largest of the kind in the United States. We have on hand or manufacture to order every description of Looking-glass, Picture and Portrait Frames, Plain and Ornamental Pier, Wall, Oval & Mantel Glasses, Connecting Cornices, Base and Bracket Tables, with Marble Slabs, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c., &c. Mouldings for Picture Frames, in lengths suitable for transportation, either Gilt, Berling, Rosewood, Oak, Zebra, Birdseye, Mahogany, &c. Our new manufactory and extensive facilities enable us to furnish any article in our line as good as the best, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Dealers are invited to call upon us When they visit New York. We claim to be able to supply to them with every article in our line which they can possibly purchase elsewhere.

☞ Orders by mail attended to with promptness. Do not fail to call when you visit New York.

Office & Warerooms, No. 215 Centre St., N. Y.

HORACE V. SIGLER, *Agent.*

May7—3mos*

MARRIAGE.

ITS loves and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys: MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature treatment and radical cure of spermatorrhœa or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps.

Address DR. WM. YOUNG, 416 Spruce st., above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ *Afflicted and Unfortunate*, no matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious Quacks—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr. Young's book, and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life.

DR. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publication, at his office, 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ Office hours from 9 to 3, daily. [mar26

THE GREAT CAUSE OF
Human Misery.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.

A LECTURE BY DR. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Lassitude; Weakness of the Limbs and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and Labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache, Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity; the Consequences of youthful Indiscretion, &c., &c.,

☞ This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-afflicted evils, may be removed without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps by addressing,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York. Post Office Box, 4586.

Quarterly Statement of Bank of Beaver County.

NEW BRIGHTON, May 4th, 1864.

RESOURCES.

Notes and bills discounted	active	$63,270 46
Same under protest		100 00
U. S. 5-20 6 per cent. coupon bonds.		95,150 00
U. S. 7 3-10 per cent. treas. notes..		4,850 00
U. S. 5 per cent. legal tender		200 00
Furniture and office fixtures		1,958 95
Due from other banks		26,917 57
Notes and checks of other banks and U. S. Treasury notes		25,361 87
Coin in vault		5,164 37
Protest account		1 41
		$242,774 63

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$115,400 00
Notes in circulation	920 00
Due depositors	117,091 77
Due the Commonwealth	1,888 49
Contingent funds	2,303 85
Dividends unpaid	5,170 52
	$242,774 63

I certify that the above statement is true and correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOOPS, Cash'r.

Affirmed and subscribed before me, this 4th day of May, A. D. 1864.

T. M. McCUNE, Notary Public.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing Certain Amendments to the Constitution.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

"SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulation as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election."

SECTION 2. There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as section eight, and nine, as follows.

"SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature, containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills."

"SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Leislature granting any powers, or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers, or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth."

HENRY C. JOHNSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

Office Secretary of Commonwealth.
HARRISBURG, April 25, 1864.

PENNSYLVANIA, ss:

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain Amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

SEAL

IN TESTIMONY whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written. ELI SLIFER,

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The above Resolution having been agreed to by a majority of the members of each House, at two successive sessions of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, the proposed amendments will be submitted to the people, for their adoption or rejection, on the FIRST TUESDAY OF AUGUST, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article of the Constitution, and the act, entitled "An act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people, for their approval and ratification or rejection, the proposed amendments to the Constitution," approved the twenty-third of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

JONES'
DYEING & SCOURING ESTABLISHMENT.
39 OHIO STREET,
(West of Federal.)
ALLEGHENY, PENNA.

THE Proprietors of this Establishment have been engaged for a number of years in the most extensive establishments in this country, in the cities of New York and Philadelphia, where all the improved appliances and apparatus are employed. Being also in possession of the very latest discoveries and methods of European Dyers, they dye and finish Ladies' Silk, Satin and Merino Dresses in a superior style. In many cases, these articles are made in color and finish, very nearly equal in appearance to new Goods.

☞ *All Goods returned in two weeks.*

Valuable Real Estate FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his residence on Third Street a House and Lot. The improvements are a Brick House 50 feet front by 36 feet deep containing 10 rooms and Store Room, Cistern, Wash House, Stable, Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, &c., &c.

Also, Sixty acres first rate land, 4 miles below Beaver, unimproved, standing with excellent White Oak Timber, one mile from the Ohio river.

Also, a lot containing 12 acres, one mile from Beaver, enclosed with a board fence suitable for a Gardnerer or Nuseryman. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber. Titles indisputable.

May 24, '64. ROB'T. M'CREERY.

Pro. Mar. Office, 24th Dist, Pa.,
NEW BRIGHTON, June 2d, 1864.

CIRCULAR No. 56.

NO claims for credits will be received at the office of A. A. Pro. Mar. General's Office, Harrisburg, Pa., unless forwarded by the claimants through the District Provost Marshal, accompanied by the necessary evidence. All claimants, therefore, are hereby directed to compile the facts of each case and report at this office. The claims will be forwarded by mail to Headquarters at Harrisburg, as no preference will be given to claims presented by the claimants in person.

By order of A. A. P. M. General.

JOHN CUTHBERTSON,
Capt. & Pro. Marshal, 24th Dist., Pa.

ORDINANCE.

BE it enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of the borough of Hookstown, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that from and after the 15th day of June, 1864, all teamsters hauling coal to citizens living in said borough of Hookstown, Pa., shall be required to have their coal-wagons measured and branded correctly, indicating the number of bushels such conveyance will hold, and the amount hauled to the said citizens in said borough. Any person failing or refusing to comply with said requirement shall pay a fine of $10.00 for each and every such offence; said fine and forfeiture to be levied and collected the same as any other dues or fines in said borough. Approved May 28, '64.

Attest: JNO. A. SNOWDEN,
S. W. MILLER, Cl'k. Burgess.

ICE CREAM SALOON
In Bridgewater.

THE subscriber has fitted up, in an elegant and modern style, for an ICE CREAM SALOON, his house on the corner of Bridge and Mulberry Streets.

Cakes and Confectionaries,

of all kinds, constantly kept on hand.

ORDERS FOR ICE PROMPTLY FILLED.

May 25, 1864—4t FREDERICK WALZ.

VALUABLE FARM AND COAL LAND FOR SALE.

A TRACT of first rate land, situate in Chippewa tp., Beaver county, about 3 miles west of New Brighton, on the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., containing ONE HUNDRED ACRES, is offered for sale on favorable terms. About seventy acres of this land are cleared and in a good state of cultivation; the balance well timbered, and all under fence. There are on the premises a stone dwelling house, a large stone spring house, (the upper story of which is now used as a dwelling, (and hewed log barn. There is a vein of excellent coal underlying a large portion of the tract, with opening near the railroad.

☞ For further information inquire of JAMES FIFE, Esq., Brighton, Pa., N. P. FETTERMAN, Esq., Pittsburg, or M. WEYAND, Prothonotary's office, Beaver, Pa. jel,'64-tf

LOOK! LOOK!! LOOK!!!

Third Arrival of Spring Goods,

Information for every body free of charge.

Just Opened

at Fortune's New Store

IN ROCHESTER, PA.

2 cases best Make fast color calico at	18¾
1 case ¾ fine bleached muslin at	15

LAWNS,
CHALLIS,
VELOURS,
SHEPARD'S PLAIDS,
DELAINES,

And a full line of Plain Black and Second Mourning Dress Goods, Cheaper than ever.

SHOES! SHOES!! SHOES!!!

Lasting Congress Gaiters,
" Balmoral "
Morocco " Boots

And a large assortment of children's shoes, very cheap.

BONNETS, HATS, FLOWERS, RUCHES and RIBBONS in GREAT VARIETY.

Men and boys' Hats and Caps. Sun Umbrellas.

Silk, Cotton or French Gingham

And a large assortment of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS opening WEEKLY.

Give us a call before buying and examine our stock and prices.

All goods Warranted to give satisfaction.

Remember the Place

FORTUNE'S CHEAP STORE,

In The Diamond

or

ROCHESTER, PA.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Beaver, Pa., May 31, 1864.

Birks John	M'Cabe Mrs Saml
Christy John Z	M'Bride A D
Cunningham L	Neill Thos
Cumming J	Parkison Wm
Crawford Wm H 2	Patten D
Crawford Eliza	Ranson Thad
Graham Thomas	Smith Wm
Hoops Mary	Shane Emily
Higby Maggie E	Smith Susan
Hoffman Jas	Thompson Wm 2
Inman Nelson	Walker George
Johnston R H	Weiter C
Johns L E	Wortman Annie

☞ Persons calling for letters in the above list, will please say they are advertised.

M. J. ANDERSON, P. M.

Office Hours, from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Rochester, Pa., June 1st, 1864:

Bolen Benj F	Mellon Jackson
Boyle Wm	Mayer Rebecca
Brown Marg't J	Miller Mrs George
Burgy Christian, 2	Mitchell David
Deitz John	Powell Sarah J
Ferguson J G	Rhodes John
Hubbard Minnie	Stafford Jos D
Hookor H E & co	Smith Miss Ellen
Hartman Andrew	Smith Miss Sophia
Hamilton Pearson	Stewart R N, 2
Johnson A A, 2	Scott John F
Jungert George	Wintersgill John
Marquis George A	Whetsler Henry, 2
Marthens Miss C L	

T. M. TAYLOR, P. M.

☞ Office hours, during the summer, from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m.

KOLLOCK'S

Dandeion Coffee.

THIS preparation, made from the best JAVA Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all bilious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets.
PHILADELPHIA,

And sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

mar26

Pension, Bounty & Back Pay Agency.

ARTHURS & RIDDELL.

No. 135 FOURTH ST,

PITTSBURG, PA.

SPECIAL attention given to the collection of the BOUNTY OF $100, due to WOUNDED SOLDIERS who have served LESS THAN TWO YEARS, which is now being paid.

☞ All communications addressed as above promptly answered by return of Post. jel,'64

TREASURER'S SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of an act of Assembly of this Commonwealth, passed the 18th day of March 1815, entitled "An act to amend an act directing the mode of selling unseated lands for taxes," &c., and the several subsequent acts supplemental thereto; and the several acts in conformity therewith, requiring and directing the sale of unseated lands for County, State, Boro', School and Road taxes; and the 41st section of the act of April 26th, 1844, authorizing and directing the return and sale of all real estate as unseated lands now sold, in satisfaction of the taxes due and unpaid by the owners thereof; also, the acts authorizing the sale of unseated lots in the boroughs of Beaver, Bridgewater Rochester, and Fallston, borough taxes the following lots and tracts of unseated lands &c., in the County of Beaver, or so much thereof as will pay the arrearage of taxes accrued thereon for the years 1861 and 1862, and so much taxes of previous years as remained unpaid, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Beaver, on

Monday the 13th of June next,

continuing the same by adjournment if necessary.

JOHN CAUGHEY,
April 8th, 1864. Treasurer of Beaver Co.

☞ Persons desirous of paying the taxes due upon any lot or tract in the following lists, are notified to do so before day of sale; and no property will be withheld from sale on a promise of payment.

NOTE.—All property marked with a (*) is returned under the 41st section of the act of 29th of April 1844.

SALE LIST.

For the Taxes of 1861 and 1862.

Beaver borough.				
Thompson Wm A part in lots	38	30	1	50
Craig Neville B "		24	1	34
*Deany Wm H "		11	1	33
*Young Peter B ½ "		30		70
Big Beaver township.				
Hickey John S, Academy lot	4			38
Hannen Jane, part out lot	5	13	1	20
" " "	91	17	3	52
Davis Jonathan heirs N. R. 1 out lot	61	42		76
Mulvanon and Shanon's heirs S. H. C. plan, ½ tax		31		16
Hickey John heirs of N. R. part out lot Sharon		44		29
Stone David, 1 out lot	5	23	1	65
" " "	4			15
*Crickmore Frances D. N. R. part Academy lot		29	1	52
" " "		44		29
*Nelson H. B. N. R. house and 3 lots Ness plan				
Toy Jas heirs of N. K. house and Davidson's plan				
*Wray Thos S. 1 house and 1 lot Sharon				
*Whetmore James N. R. 1 house and lo Sharon				
" " "				
*Huffman " house & lot				
*Reisinger Wm heirs of house and 2 lot S. and Co. plan				
*Scott A. N. R. " Sharon				
" " "				
*Gardner Rich'd L house & lot				
Bridgewater borough.				
Kemp Martin or John, lot				
" " " lot				
" " " lot				
Mendenhall Harrison, 2 lot, Mendenhall's plan				
" " "				
" " "				
Hays Jos, part out lot Hays pl				
" " "				
" " "				
*Stewart & Guinn house & lot				
*Hessen H heirs of, lot, Hemphill's plan				
" " "				
*Small John sr. N. R. lot,				
*Shields D heirs of, lot & lot				
*Baker Andrew 1 lot				
*Mitchel Hugh N. R. 1 lot				
*Rawdon P. 1 lot Davidson's pl				
" " "				
" " "				
" " "				
" " " Porter's plan				
" " " "				
" " "				
" " "				

MAYORS OF THE Great Cities.

We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have given a concurrent of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.

HON. JAMES COOK,
Mayor of LOWELL, MASS.

HON. ALBIN BEARD,
Mayor of NASHUA, N. H.

HON. E. W. HARRINGTON,
Mayor of MANCHESTER, N. H.

HON. JOHN ABBOTT,
Mayor of CONCORD, N. H.

HON. A. H. BULLOCK,
Mayor of WORCESTER, MASS.

HON. NATH'L SILSBEE,
Mayor of SALEM, MASS.

HON. F. W. LINCOLN, JR.,
Mayor of BOSTON, MASS.

HON. WM. M. RODMAN,
Mayor of PROVIDENCE, R. I.

HON. AMOS W. PRENTICE,
Mayor of NORWICH, CONN.

HON. J. N. HARRIS,
Mayor of NEW LONDON, CONN.

HON. CHAS. S. RODIER,
Mayor of MONTREAL, C. E.

HON. D. F. TIEMANN,
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HON. E. M. KINSTREY,
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DON ESPARTERO MANUEL,
Mayor of VERA CRUZ.

DON PIETRE DE CABALLO,
Mayor of MEXICO.

DON ESTEPHANIE RODRIGUES,
Mayor of HAVANA.

DON ANTONIO ECHEVERA,
Mayor of LIMA, PERU.

DON M. C. MILANGNO,
Mayor of VALPARAISO, CHILI.

DON MARO SESQUIPEDALIA,
Mayor of RIO JANEIRO, BRAZIL.

Certify that the resident Druggists have assured them

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.

For Spring Diseases.
For Purifying the Blood.
For Scrofula or King's Evil.
For Tumors, Ulcers, and Sores.
For Eruptions and Pimples.
For Blotches, Blains, and Boils.
For St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas.
For Tetter or Salt Rheum.
For Scald Head and Ringworm.
For Cancer and Cancerous Sores.
For Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and Humors
For Female Diseases.
For Suppression and Irregularity.
For Syphilis or Venereal Diseases.
For Liver Complaints.
For Diseases of the Heart.

The Mayors of the chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact almost all the cities on this continent, have recommended this document, to assure their people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space will only admit a portion of them.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
Ayer's Pills, and
Ayer's Ague Cure,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
LOWELL, MASS.,

and sold by Druggists every where.

BENTEL, ARBUCKLE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CARBON OIL,
ROCHESTER,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA. [ap2

"VANITY FAIR."

"This is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good-tempered, and not afraid to say that its soul is its own—which shows that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where they can find native fun that has something better in it than mere *patois*."—*Atlantic Monthly.*

"This paper is excellent. . . . . Remarkable for originality."—*N. Y. Traveller.*

"VANITY FAIR is conducted by a vivacious, witty and intelligent corps of journalists."—*Litchfield* (Conn.) *Enquirer.*

"Will wield as potent an influence as that of the London *Punch*."—*Boston Traveller.*

"Whosoever finds himself laughing at the wit of VANITY FAIR, and does not return a *quid pro quo*, is fit for treason, and spoils."—*N. Y. Crayon.*

SPECIAL NOTICE

The very marked and flattering success which has thus far attended the publication of "VANITY FAIR,"

Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

COMIC JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

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ISSUED REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY,

and is for Sale by all Newsmen, and at the office of Publication, No 113 Nassau-street, New York.

TERMS:

Three dollars per annum, in advance—Six cents single copy.

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Two copies of VANITY FAIR will be sent to one address for.....$5 00
Five copies.....12 00
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An Extra copy will be allowed to the getter-up of every Club of not less than five copies.

This paper is Electrotyped, and numbers may be procured at any time.

LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
Publisher for the Proprietors, 113 Nassau-st.
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MME. DEMOREST'S
Quarterly Mirror of Fashions,

With Great Improvements and Additions,
THE SUMMER NUMBER CONTAINS
FOUR LARGE & SPLENDID FASHION-PLATES, THREE FULL-SIZED PATTERNS OF DRESSES,
COMPRISING THE
New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses Sack, and a Sheet of New and Beautiful
BRAID AND EMBROIDERING PATTERNS.
Together with nearly 100 Engravings of all the novelties for
Summer Bonnets, Cloaks, Trimmings, Children's Dresses, &c.,
And valuable information to Milliners, Dress Makers, Mothers, and Ladies generally, presenting the largest and best Fashion Magazine in the World, published 473 Broadway, N. Y., and sold everywhere at 25 cents, or sent by mail, post free, on receipt of the am't in stamps or silver. Year $1,00 with the following valuable premium.

Each yearly subscriber will be entitled to a receipt for the selection of 50 cents worth of plain patterns, from the designs in the book, or from the show room, or they may be ordered and sent by mail any time during the year, by paying postage.

☞ Splendid Inducements to Canvassers.
☞ Summer No. now ready.

Beaver Hotel,
JOSEPH HALL, Proprietor,
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HAVING thoroughly fitted up this house, he is now prepared to accommodate his friends, and the public generally, in the most satisfactory manner. [may62

Dr. P. M. KERR

Offers his Professional Services to the People of
BEAVER AND VICINITY
and solicits a share of public patronage.
OFFICE IN
Kerr's Hotel, Beaver, Penn'a.
dec16,'63

Dr. P. B. Young,

WHO has been for some time acting as Surgeon in the Army, having returned and again located himself in
Freedom, Beaver County,
offers his professional services to the public.
☞ Office in Phillips' building. [mh16'63

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SELECT SCHOOL,
Opens Monday, Sept. 28th.
Mathematics, Sciences and Languages,
Taught on the most favorable terms.
Address D. W. SCOTT, *Principal*

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OFFICE WITH
B. B. CHAMBERLIN, ATTY AT LAW,
(*Near the Provost Marshal's office,*
BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

PROMT attention given to the drawing of EXEMPTION PAPERS, and all matters connected with the draft; also oaths administered, acknowledgments taken, &c., &c. [file16

Dr. D. M'Kinney,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of
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OFFICE IN
The Shannon Building, S. E. Corner of dec16] the Diamond, Beaver, Pa.

A Gentleman cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the receipt and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,
No 60 Nassau Street, New York.
aug12:3m

Estate of Jas. Carothers, dec'd.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of JAMES CAUTHERS, late of Greene twp., Beaver county, deceased, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make immdiate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.
ROBT. WHITEHILL, Executor,
apr13'64 Hanover tp.

JAMES S. RUTAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
(*DISTRICT ATTORNEY.*)
BEAVER, PENN'A.
☞ Office in the Court House.

NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT.

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER.

And Other Nervous and Chronic Diseases.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, cure and treatment of the *independent class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement, or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be treated for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be eradicated; and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind, to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disordered mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments, having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotten up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to.

E. KENDRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
nov12'62. Beaver Co. Pa.

CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

N. E. corner of 7th & Chestnut St.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS Institution, which was established in 1844, and is now consequently in the eighteenth year of its existence, numbers among its graduates, hundreds of the most successful Merchants and Business Men of our Country.

The object of the Institution is solely to afford young men facilities for thorough preparation for business.

The branches taught are: Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Drawing, Phonography, and Modern Languages.

The system of Instruction is peculiar: no classes or set lessons are made use of, but each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient.

Catalogues are issued annually after the 15th of April, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal.

In extensive accommodations, wide-spread reputation, and the long-try experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain at the same time A DIPLOMA, which will prove a recommendation for them to any Mercantile House.

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S. HODGES CRITTENDEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
May 7. PRINCIPAL.

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THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

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And continue 14 weeks. The aim of the school is to make its pupils thorough, especially in the Common Branches.

A Normal Class,

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Board, Room rent, &c.....$88 00
Tuition varies from $5,50 to $8,00
☞ For further particulars inquire of the President of Faculty.
mar4'63 R. T. TAYLOR.

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SPRING OF 1863,
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Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware,
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mar26:1y.

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ESTABLISHED 1838. N. Y. ESTABLISHED 1838.

THIS Establishment has been in successful operation for 24 years, and is the largest of the kind in the United States. We have on hand or manufacture to order every description of Looking-glass, Picture and Portrait Frames, Plain and Ornamental Pier, Wall, Oval & Mantel Glasses, Connecting Cornices, Base and Bracket Tables, with Marble Slabs, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c., &c. Mouldings for Picture Frames, in lengths suitable for transportation, either Gilt, Berling, Rosewood, Oak, Zebra, Birdseye, Mahogany, &c. Our new manufactory and extensive facilities enable us to furnish any article in our line as good as the best, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Dealers are invited to call upon us

When they visit New York. We claim to be able to supply them with every article in our line which they can possibly purchase elsewhere.

☞ Orders by mail attended to with promptness. Do not fail to call when you visit New York.

Office & Warerooms, No. 215 Centre St., N. Y.
HORACE V. SIGLER, *Agent.*
May7—3mos

MARRIAGE.

ITS loves and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys; MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature treatment and radical cure of spermatorrhœa or seminal weakness, involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity, and old age is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps.

Address DR. WM. YOUNG, 416 Spruce st. above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ *Afflicted and Unfortunate*, no matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious QUACKS—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr. Young's book, and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life.

DR. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publication, at his office, 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth, Phila.

☞ Office hours from 9 to 3, daily. [mar26

THE GREAT CAUSE OF
Human Misery.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.

A LECTURE BY DR. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Emissions; Weakness of the Limbs and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and Labor; Dullness or Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache, Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity, the Consequences of youthful Indiscretion, &c., &c.

☞ This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-afflicted evils may be removed, without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing

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KOLLOCK'S
Dandelion Coffee.

THIS preparation, made from the best JAVA Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia, and all bilious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

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The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
And sold by all Druggists and Grocers.
mar26

FALLSTON WOOLEN FACTORY.

THE undersigned expects to commence, this week, Carding, Spinning, Fulling, Finishing and Dyeing; also to manufacture Flannel, Cloth, Cassimeres, Satinetts and Blankets, at my old place in Fallston. For wear and durability, I can warrant the goods manufactured not to be surpassed. For the accommodation of those on the east side of the Beaver, Wool, etc., can be left at my house in Pulaski township, or John Hodgkinson's store in New Brighton.
jul7,'63 EPHM. SMITH.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of JOSIAH TODD, dec'd., late of Industry twp., Beaver co., Pa. all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SLENTZ, Executor,
mar 2, '64 Ohioville p.

GLORIOUS NEWS!

Not from the Army but from the Town of Beaver.

New Shoe Store.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Beaver County that, in addition to his well selected stock of CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS and GENTLEMENS FURNISHING GOODS, he has lately purchased a well selected stock of BOOTS and SHOES of every kind and variety. My stock is the largest ever brought to the county, and I am determined to sell "cheaper than the cheapest."—Mind the sign of the "Big Hat."
Sept. 9, '63. I. N. ATKINS.

Dividend No. 12.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, May 3, 1864.

THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. upon its Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last 6 months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on demand. EDWARD HOOPS,
may11, '64 Cashier

Special Notice.

THE Proprietors of the Girard House Philadelphia would respectfully call the attention of business men and the travelling community to the superior accommodation and comfort offered in their establishment.
aug.19:2m KANAGA, FOWLER, & Co.

FRIENDS AT HOME.

CURES FOR OUR BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

A Certain Cure for Wounds.

LET NO ONE HESITATE to Procure and Employ in the Case of Wounds and Injuries that they Inflict, the Healing Virtues of these Pills and Ointment. Thousands of our Brave Soldiers and Sailors have Proved for themselves the Value of them, and Have Pronounced them by their Friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE.

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES.

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box: the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.
May 7.

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MALE OR FEMALE AGNTS
TO SELL
Lloyd's New Steel Plate County Colored Map of the United States,
Canadas, and New Brunswick.

From recent surveys, completed Jan. 10, 1863, cost $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $15 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of Fifty Cents; 370,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County map, but it is also a
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Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, and will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

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The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Heights, Williamsport Ferry, Shoreseville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILL., at the only authority for Gen. Rosecrans and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*

Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm Bown, Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,300 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets. $2, pocket form, and $2,50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

Estate of Harvey Gamble, dec'd.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of HARVEY GAMBLE, late of Greene township, Beaver County, Penna., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES BRITTAIN, Adm'r.,
feb10,64. Greene tp.

T. J. CHANDLER,
SURGEON DENTIST,

IS at his post again, at BEAVER STATION, Rochester Pa., where he will attend to all its various branches of his profession. He applies all the improved methods to prevent pain in extracting teeth.

P. S. Work warranted. [jan13'64

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ADAM JOHNSON, PRO'R
ROCHESTER, PA.

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AT

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SUCCESSORS TO

E. R. GARDNER & CO.,

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Between Fifth st. and Diamond.

WE take the liberty to inform our friends of Beaver county that we have largely increased our facilities for carrying on the

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Our stock will comprise all comprise all the Novelties in latest importations, including reps in all colors, plain and figured blacks, plain silks in all colors, check and brocade silks, Swiss and Foulard silks, all of which we will sell at such low prices that none can fail to be suited.

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Our stock will be found replete, comprising over One Hundred different styles, in French, French, English, and German fabrics, of latest importations, at prices as low as years ago.

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LACE GOODS.

We shall be in receipt of daily from New York, and our assortment, and prices, for cheapness, will be found second to none in the city. To this department we call particular attention.

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Linens, sheeting and pillow linens toilet, Marsailes and honey comb quilts, in white, blue and pink, napkins, towles, linen table covers, and Rich linens, always on hand, at the lowest prices.

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Cassimeres in plain and fancy, union cloths, tweeds, sattinetts, corduroys, and men and boys wear of all kinds, the best stock in the city, at the lowest prices.

BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS.

of which we are the sole agent of several celebrated makes, which we will sell to our customers at wholesale prices.

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Domestic and imported flannels. Our stock will be found large, and well selected, and our prices will be made so moderate as to place them within reach of oassert.

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CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP

KID GLOVES AND CORSETS.

Persons visiting the city for the purpose of purchasing Dry Goods, are respectfully invited to call, as our entire stock will be found.

New, Desirable, and Cheap.

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Between Fifth st. and Diamond.

The Dental Treasury: War! War! War! War of Extermination against Bad Breath, Diseased Gums, Toothache, Earache, and Neuralgia.

OUR ARTILLERY IS

DR. WM. B. HURD'S DENTAL TREASURY

A COMPLETE SET OF REMEDIES FOR

PRESERVING THE TEETH

Purifying the Breath, and Mouth

AND

curing Toothache and Neuralgia.

CONTENTS.

Dr. Hurd's Celebrated MOUTH WASH, one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's Unequalled TOOTH POWDER, one box.
Dr. Hurd's Magic TOOTHACHE DROPS, one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's UNRIVALED NEURALGIA PLASTER.
Dr. Hurd's MANUAL on the best Means of Preserving the Teeth, including Directions for Proper Treatment of Children's Teeth.
FLOSS SILK for Cleaning between the Teeth.
TOOTH PICKS, &c., &c.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, No. Fourth St., Brooklyn, E. D.

Price, ONE DOLLAR; or Six.

☞ The *Dental Treasury* measures eight inches by five, and is sent [illegible]

☞ *Full directions for use in English, French, German and Spanish.*

The following articles we can [illegible] ly, by mail, viz:

The *Treatise on Preserving the Teeth,* paid, on receipt of TWELVE CENTS, stamps.

The *Neuralgia Plaster,* for the Face, Nervous Headache, and Earache, post paid, on receipt of [illegible] stamps.

The *Neuralgia and Rheumatic Plaster* size,) for Pains in the Chest, Shoulders, or any part of the body, sent post paid, on receipt of *Thirty-seven cents.*

Address,
WM. B. HURD, Co.
Tribune Buildings, N. Y.

Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH, TOOTH POWDER and *TOOTHACHE DROPS* sent by mail, but they can [illegible] tained at your Drug or Perfumery store, if they cannot, send to us for the DENTAL TREASURY. Price, ONE DOLLAR, which contains them.

NOW,

THE DR. HURD'S PREPARATIONS

The best evidences that [illegible] names is truth and best [illegible] have used them longer. [illegible] an eminent dentist of [illegible] the New York State Fair, [illegible] these preparations were used in [illegible] vate practice for [illegible] of Brooklyn or [illegible] excellence, [illegible] York recommend [illegible] the best known [illegible] the profession. [illegible] ing, dealers have sold them by the gross.

The Editor of the [illegible] "We are happy to know that our friend, Dr. Hurd, is succeeding beyond all expectation with his MOUTH WASH and TOOTH POWDER. The great secret of the success lies with the fact that *they are prepared to do, as well as they say they will.*"

The well known P. T. Barnum found your TOOTH POWDER in his family have used it all up. *We want more for the teeth are here and here* [illegible] obliged if you will send us [illegible] ply at the Museum at your convenience.

But their cost is so small that every one can test the matter for themselves.

☞ Beware of the [illegible] Dr. Hurd's Tooth Powder contains [illegible] alkali, nor charcoal, nor [illegible] ing the enamel. Use no [illegible] THAT WILL DO HURD'S [illegible] EFFECT.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will give young ladies that [illegible] man—a sweet breath and pearly white teeth, ladies.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will cleanse the mouth from all [illegible] tions, and if used in the morning [illegible] the breakfast taste will be [illegible] more pleasantly. Hundreds of [illegible] testify to this. Try them, gentlemen.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder are the best preparations for [illegible] curing *bad breath* and giving [illegible] health to the gums. [illegible] *Diseased bleeding Gums, Sore Mouth,* etc., have been cured by Dr. Hurd's excellent wash.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder give an additional charm to [illegible] make husbands more agreeable, and wives to their husbands. [illegible] used by every person having

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

which are liable to [illegible] Dr. Hurd's Toothache Drops will [illegible] ache arising from exposure [illegible] best friends that have given [illegible] to save their children's teeth [illegible] selves from loss of sleep [illegible] ering.

Farmers and mechanics [illegible] ford to neglect your teeth [illegible] you can now get prescriptions [illegible] Rothschild or Astor can [illegible] Remember that *Dr. Hurd's Toothache Drops* often originate [illegible] Send for the Tribune [illegible] Fitch's observations [illegible] late to arrest decay [illegible] your children's teeth.

NEURALGIA CURED.

Neuralgia Non-Adhesive Plasters are a pleasant and successful remedy [illegible] ed for this painful disease. [illegible] plies one soon becomes free [illegible] and awakes free from pain. [illegible] other unpleasant or injurious [illegible] sue. For Earache and Neuralgia [illegible] ply according to directions, [illegible] surely follow. Nothing can be [illegible] to Dr. Hurd's Compress for Neuralgia [illegible] them. They are entirely a novel [illegible] original preparation, and wonderful [illegible] ful. They are of two sizes, one [illegible] face, price 15 cents, and the other [illegible] application to the body, price [illegible] *be mailed on receipt of price and size required.*

WHAT ARE THE PEOPLE [illegible]

The American people are [illegible] appreciate preparations [illegible] to happiness of those [illegible] want them. Every mail brings [illegible] ordering the Treatise on Tooth [illegible] ralgia Plasters, and not a [illegible] for the Mouth Wash, to be sent [illegible] to these we are compelled to [illegible] impossible to send a half [illegible] The people want these Remedies *cheaply them?*

Now is the
CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

Shrewd agents can make a [illegible] carrying these articles around to [illegible] Dental Treasury is the neatest article [illegible] man or woman can carry around [illegible] one and see, or, better, a [illegible] will sell, as samples, for $1. [illegible] liberally with circulars. [illegible] to go into the business; to those [illegible] a profit. We are spending [illegible] benefit of agents. New England [illegible] men! here is something nice, and [illegible] take the tide at its flood. Address [illegible]

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That remittances may be made [illegible] dence, W. B. H. & Co. refer to the [illegible] Brooklyn, to G. W. Griggs, Treasurer [illegible] ers and Citizens Bank, Brooklyn; [illegible] to New York; to P. F. Barnum, [illegible] Museum, etc.